per cent years of the vessel. All such cases should be reported to the Empowered Committee. Interest would be payable by the companies on the aforesaid amounts (including capitalised interest) at the respective document rates.

(j) The economic life of the vessel would be reckoned at 17 years from the date of actual acquisition of the vessel by the company, and the residual life would be computed by meeting out the period lapsed from the date of acquisition till June 30, 1991.

(k) The working capital requirement of the company thus rehabilitated would be provided by the concerned commercial banks and the companies concerned would be required to obtain necessary approvals in this regard. However, the Government of India could consider, to the extent funds are available, providing a two-year loan to meet he margin for working capial in appropriate cases.

(l) A company provided rehabilitation assistance under this scheme would have to withdraw all legal cases filed by it against the Government of India and/or SCICI, before the assistance becomes effective.

(m) The company provided the rehabilitation package under this scheme would be required to deposit a percentage of their earnings in a separate bank account every month during the fishing season. The amount thus deposited should be atleast equal to the principal and interest payable by the company during a year.

(n) The company will have to provide adequate security (Personal, Collateral, Bank Guarantee etc.) for incremental loans. The nature and quantum of security will be decided by SCICI on a case to case basis.

The above scheme is without prejudice to the rights of the Central Government and the Shipping Credit & Investment Company of India Limited, the designated person acting on behalf of the Central Government in terms of the SDFC (Abolition) Act, 1986, to proceed against defaulting companies and/or recover the dues of the Central Government. The scheme does not therefore confer or imply any change or remission of any of the action that may have already been initiated by the Central Government or the said designated person or which may hereafter be initiated by either or any of them, which shall continue unless specifically decided otherwise by any or either of the aforesaid authorities.

The deep sea fishing companies interested in availing this package, will be required to submit detailed rehabilitation proposals giving the data as required by SCICI. Mere submission of the proposal however, does not carry any prescription right of their acceptance by SCICI.

Negotiations on Uruguay Round

1176. SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL:
DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI A. G. KULKARNI:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether final negotiations on Uruguay Round were held at Geneva in connection with protecting international trade and patents rights and if so, what is the outcome of those discussions; and

(b) whether U. S. Negotiator Ms. Cafla Hills could be persuaded to accept the Indian position as published in the press statement by the previous Commerce Minister?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b) The Uruguay Round was expected to

be concluded at the Ministerial meeting held in Brussels from 3 to 7, December, 1990. The proposals considered at the meeting in the area of intellectual property rights had not reached a sufficient degree of finality and reflected unresolved differences. However, because of the differences between the US and EEC on agriculture the meeting ended inconclusively. Negotiations are to continue.

Thereafter, there was no occassion for a meeting between the then Commerce Minister and the United States Trade Representative, Ms. Carla Hills.

News item captioned "CCS for exports abolished"

1177. SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Governments attention has been drawn to the news item appearing in the "Times of India" of the 4th July, 1991 captioned "CCS for exports abolished";

(b) if so, what is the sector-wise break-up of this approximate figure of Rs. 2000 crores; and

(c) details of CCS paid during the last financial year and break-up for different sectors?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Sector-wise breakup of the savings resulting from the suspension of CCS with effect from 3.7.91 have not been worked out. However, a statement showing breakup of the details of CCS paid during 1990-91 is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement

Break-up of the Details of CCS paid during 1990-91

(In Crores of Rupees)

		C.C.S.
1.	Engineering Goods	557.42
2.	Chemical & Allied Products	178.17
3.	Plastic Goods	8.90
4.	Leather Goods	263.27
5.	Sports Goods	15.06
6.	Agricultural Product & Processed Foods	429.39
7.	Marine Product	15.72
8.	Handicraft Items	43.05
9.	Textile Items	779.30
	Total :	2290.28
	Payments made through Banks	49.40
	Grand Total :	2339.68